# SAN DIEGO COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT CONTINUING EDUCATION COURSE OUTLINE

## **SECTION I**

## SUBJECT AREA AND COURSE NUMBER

**HLTH 611** 

<u>COURSE TITLE</u> <u>ALTERNATE TITLE(S)</u>

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AIDE CNA IN BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SETTING

TYPE COURSE

NON-FEE VOCATIONAL

#### CATALOG COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course provides students with a basic overview of the role of a behavioral health aide and prepares them for entry-level employment. The course defines behavioral and mental health diseases, their causes, signs and symptoms, and prognosis. Students are trained to assist adults, adolescents, and pediatric patients with social, personal, behavioral, and mental health issues. Students will learn strategies for working with individuals with mental and behavioral health challenges while providing nursing care and physical safety. (FT)

## LECTURE/LABORATORY HOURS

75

## **ADVISORY**

Current California Certified Nurse Assistant certificate.

## RECOMMENDED SKILL LEVEL

9<sup>th</sup> grade reading and writing level, basic math skills, and must possess the ability to communicate proficiently in the English language.

## INSTITUTIONAL STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Social Responsibility
   SDCE students demonstrate interpersonal skills by learning and working cooperatively in a diverse environment.
- Effective Communication: SDCE students demonstrate effective communication skills.

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## INSTITUTIONAL STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (CONTINUED)

- 3. Critical Thinking:
  - SDCE students critically process information, make decisions, and solve problems I independently or cooperatively.
- 4. Personal and Professional Development: SDCE students pursue short term and life-long learning goals, mastering necessary skills and using resource management and self-advocacy skills to cope with changing situations in their lives.

## **COURSE GOALS**

- 1. Understand behavioral and mental health issues and diseases.
- 2. Learn the overall role and responsibilities of a CNA in Behavioral Health setting in providing care.
- 3. Learn to communicate effectively with people with behavioral and mental health issues.
- 4. Acquire knowledge and skills to recognize signs and symptoms of patients in mental distress and with behavioral challenges.
- 5. Provide direct patient care and support as outlined in an individual's behavioral healthcare plans.
- 6. Understand how to provide professional intervention during patient crises.
- 7. Learn about cultural diversity in a mental health setting

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. Identify and define behavioral health and mental health issues and diseases.
- 2. Understand and explain the role and responsibilities of a CNA in a Behavioral Health setting.
- 3. Recognize and report signs and symptoms of distress in mental and behavioral challenged patients.
- 4. Identify barriers that may impede the treatment of patients with mental and behavioral challenges.
- 5. Identify roles of each member within the interdisciplinary healthcare team (IDT) to improve patient care.
- 6. Identify and explain how to prevent, manage, and deescalate crises in a mental health setting.
- 7. Recognize and describe how cultural diversity plays a role in a mental health setting.

#### SECTION II

## COURSE CONTENT AND SCOPE-

Expands upon Nurse Assistant Training CCR, Title 22, Section 71835(n)

- 1. Understanding the overview of Behavioral and Mental Health as a CNA
  - 1.1. Definition
    - 1.1.1. Behavioral health diseases
    - 1.1.2. Mental health diseases

## BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AIDE ALTERNATE TITLE: CNA IN BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SETTING PAGE 3

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- 1.1.4. Legal issues
- 1.1.5. History of behavioral and mental health
- 2. Understanding Behavioral and Mental Health Diseases as a CNA
  - 2.1. Depression
    - 2.1.1. Mood disorders association
    - 2.1.2. Predisposing factors
    - 2.1.3. Signs and symptoms
      - 2.1.3.1. Apathy
      - 2.1.3.2. Fatigue and irritability
      - 2.1.3.3. Suicidal and/or homicidal ideations
      - 2.1.3.4. Appetite changes
    - 2.1.4. Interventions
      - 2.1.4.1. Medication
      - 2.1.4.2. Electroconvulsive therapy
      - 2.1.4.3. Psychotherapy
      - 2.1.4.4. Lifestyle Changes
    - 2.1.5. Prognosis
      - 2.1.5.1. Treatment response
      - 2.1.5.2. Compliance vs. noncompliance
      - 2.1.5.3. Medication therapy
  - 2.2. Non-Alzheimer's Dementia
    - 2.2.1. Huntington's Disease
      - 2.2.1.1. Stages
      - 2.2.1.2. Causative factors
        - 2.2.1.2.1. Genetic factors
        - 2.2.1.2.2. Autosomal dominant disorder
      - 2.2.1.3. Signs and symptoms
        - 2.2.1.3.1. Body movements
        - 2.2.1.3.2. Obsessive compulsive disorder
        - 2.2.1.3.3. Thinking and reasoning skills
        - 2.2.1.3.4. Mood changes
      - 2.2.1.4. Intervention
        - 2.2.1.4.1. Medication
        - 2.2.1.4.2. Therapy
          - 2.2.1.4.2.1. Physiotherapy
          - 2.2.1.4.2.2. Speech therapy
          - 2.2.1.4.2.3. Occupational therapy
        - 2.2.1.4.3. Nutritional support
        - 2.2.1.4.4. Managing symptoms
      - 2.2.1.5. Prognosis
        - 2.2.1.5.1. Treatment response
        - 2.2.1.5.2. Compliance vs. noncompliance
        - 2.2.1.5.3. Therapies
    - 2.2.2. Parkinson's Disease

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		2.2.2.1. 2.2.2.2.	Causative factors 2.2.2.2.1. Brain deterioration		
		2.2.2.3.	<ul><li>2.2.2.2.2. Genetics</li><li>Signs and symptoms</li><li>2.2.2.3.1. Sensory and sleep</li><li>2.2.2.3.2. Emotional problems</li><li>2.2.2.3.3. Hallucinations and delusions</li></ul>		
	2.2.3.	Intervent			
		2.2.3.1.	Medication		
		2.2.3.2.	Deep brain stimulation		
			Lifestyle changes		
			Physical therapy		
		2.2.3.5.	Occupational therapy		
	2.2.4.	Prognosis			
		2.2.4.1.	Treatment response		
			Compliance vs. noncompliance		
	_		Therapies		
2.3.		natic Brain	•		
	2.3.1.	Causativ			
			Anoxic and hypoxic brain injury		
			Motor vehicle accidents		
			Military combat related accidents		
			Infection Brain injuries		
	222		nd symptoms		
	2.3.2.		Difficulty concentrating		
			Disruptive and inappropriate behavior		
			Sleep disorders		
	2.3.3.				
			Medications		
			Surgery		
			Rehabilitation		
	2.3.4.	Prognos	is		
		2.3.4.1.	Treatment response		
		2.3.4.2.	Compliance vs. noncompliance		
2.4.		ner's Dise	ase		
		Stages			
	2.4.2.	Causativ			
			Family history		
		2.4.2.2.	Genetics		
			2.4.2.2.1. Risk genes		
		0.4.0.0	2.4.2.2.2. Deterministic genes		
	0.40	2.4.2.3.	•		
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# BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AIDE ALTERNATE TITLE: CNA IN BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SETTING

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## **COURSE CONTENT AND SCOPE (CONTINUED)**

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		2.4.3.1.	Memory loss		
			Aggression		
			Behavioral changes		
			Sleeping difficulties		
	2.4.4.	Interventi	, •		
			Medications		
		2.4.4.2.			
			Therapy		
			2.4.4.3.1. Art and music		
			2.4.4.3.2. Pet therapy		
			2.4.4.3.3. Physical therapy		
			2.4.4.3.4. Occupational therapy		
	245	Prognosis	·		
	2.4.0.	_	High fatality rates		
			Treatment response		
			Compliance vs. noncompliance		
25	Rinolai	r/Manic De	·		
۷.5.		Types	,pression		
	2.0.1.		Rinolar I disorder		
			Bipolar I disorder Bipolar II disorder		
			·		
		2.5.1.5.	Cyclothymic disorder		
	252	Causative	Specified and unspecified bipolar and related disorders		
	2.5.2.		Brain structure and functioning		
			Family history		
	252		d symptoms		
	2.5.5.	_	Personality changes		
			Depressive episodes		
			Psychosis		
	251		•		
2.5.4. Intervention 2.5.4.1. Medications					
			Psychotherapy Electroconvulsive therapy		
	255	2.5.4.3.			
	2.5.5. Prognosis				
		2.5.5.1.	Treatment response		
		2.5.5.2.	Compliance vs. noncompliance		
2.6	Cobi-c	2.5.5.3.	Therapies		

## 2.6. Schizophrenia

2.6.1. Causative categories

2.6.1.1. Positive symptoms

2.6.1.1.1. Hallucinations and delusions

2.6.1.1.2. Movement disorders

2.6.1.2. Negative symptoms

2.6.1.2.1. Flat affect

2.6.1.2.2. Apathy

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		2.6.1.3.	Cognitive : 2.6.1.3.1.	symptoms Level of awa	
		_		Memory laps	es
	2.6.2.		sing factors		
		2.6.2.1.	Genes and	d environment	
	2.6.3.	2.6.2.2. Brain chemistry and structure Interventions			
				cial treatments	
				ed specialty ca	are
			Medication	n therapy	
	2.6.4.	Prognosis	S		
		2.6.4.1.	Treatment	response	
		2.6.4.2.	Compliand	e vs. noncom	pliance
2.7.	Unders	standing S	ubstance A	buse as a CN	Ä
	2.7.1.	Alcohol A	buse		
		2.7.1.1.	Causative	factors	
2.7.1.1.1. Family dyr			nics		
					se and cravings
				Genetic risk	or and or an ingo
					nd personality changes
				Increased tol	
		2712			erance
		2.1.1.2.	Signs and	Mood alterati	iana
					ions
			2.7.1.2.2.	Withdrawals	Ob abia a
				2.7.1.2.2.1.	
					Body temperature
					Heart complications
				Confusion	
				Altered liver	
			2.7.1.2.5.	Aggressive	behavior
		2.7.1.3.	Intervention	ns	
			2.7.1.3.1.	Therapy	
			2.7.1.3.2.	Rehabilitation	on
			2.7.1.3.3.	Medication	
		2.7.1.4.	Prognosis		
			•	Treatment re	esponse
					vs. noncompliance
	272	Drug Abu		o o p.i.a.i.oo	voi momoompiiamoo
	£.1.£.	_	Causative	factors	
		<u> </u>		Environmen	tal
				Genetics	ıaı
			2.7.2.1.3.		madiaationa
			∠. <i>1</i> .∠. 1 .4.	Prescribed r	neulcations

2.8.

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		2.7.2.1.5.	Drug use
	2.7.2.2.	Signs and	
			Altered liver function
			Psychological issues
			Irritability and aggression
			Criminal activity
			Financial issues
	2.7.2.3.	Intervention	
			Behavioral therapy
			Psychotherapy
		2.7.2.3.3.	Rehabilitation
			Medication
	2.7.2.4.	Prognosis	
			Treatment response
			Compliance vs. noncompliance
Under	standing		ders as a CNA
	Types	J	
		Anorexia N	lervosa
		Bulimia Ne	
	2.8.1.3.	Binge Eatir	ng Disorders
2.8.2.	Causativ		
	2.8.2.1.	Mental illne	ess
	2.8.2.2.	Body dissa	tisfaction
	2.8.2.3.	Body dissa Negative a	ffect
	2.8.2.4.	Thin-ideal	
	2.8.2.5.	Deficit supp	port systems
2.8.3.		d symptoms	•
			limit of calories and/or overeating
	2.8.3.2.	Extreme w	eight loss and excessive exercise
	2.8.3.3.	Frequent la	axatives and diet aids
	2.8.3.4.	Detachmer	nt
2.8.4.	Intervent	ions	
	2.8.4.1.	Exams and	d diagnostic test
		Support gre	_
			ealthy body image
	2.8.4.4.		
	2.8.4.5.		and behavioral therapy
2.8.5.	Prognosi	•	
	-	Treatment	response
			e vs. noncompliance
stand			pilities in behavioral Health setting
		idual thoron	

- 3. Unders g
  - 3.1. Group and individual therapy3.2. Patient and staff safety

  - 3.3. One-on-one communication skills.
  - 3.4. Crisis management

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- 3.4.1. Monitoring and reporting
- 3.4.2. Active listening
- 3.4.3. Physical reaction
- 3.4.4. Coping and defense mechanisms
- 3.5. Characteristics of a crisis
  - 3.5.1. Types
  - 3.5.2. Stages
  - 3.5.3. Disruptive behavior
  - 3.5.4. Clouded recognition
- 3.6. Role of the CNA in restraint management
  - 3.6.1. Care of patients in restraints
  - 3.6.2. Types
    - 3.6.2.1. Physical
    - 3.6.2.2. Chemical
    - 3.6.2.3. Mechanical
  - 3.6.3. Restraint release protocol
  - 3.6.4. Restraint documentation
- 3.7. Role of the CNA in Seclusion management
  - 3.7.1. Care of patients in seclusion
  - 3.7.2. Alternative interventions
    - 3.7.2.1. Evidence-based behavioral interventions
    - 3.7.2.2. De-escalation techniques
- 3.8. Role of the CNA in Boundaries
  - 3.8.1. Empathy vs. sympathy
  - 3.8.2. Therapeutic relationship
- 3.9. Understanding Psychotropic medications as a CNA
  - 3.9.1. Indications
  - 3.9.2. Common side effects
- 3.1.0. Understanding HIPPA as a CNA
  - 3.1.1. Communication
- 4. Understanding Social Barriers of Patients with Mental Distress as a CNA
  - 4.1. Medical compliance
  - 4.2. Family dynamics
  - 4.3. Financial limitations
  - 4.4. Culture and background
  - 4.5. Support systems
  - 4.6. Shelter
- 5. Understanding responsibility of the Interdisciplinary Team (IDT) as a CNA
  - 5.1. Weekly meetings
    - 5.1.1. Care plan review and revisions
    - 5.1.2. Care collaboration
    - 5.1.3. Goals and outcomes
  - 5.2. IDT participants
    - 5.2.1. Social services
    - 5.2.2. Nutritionist and dietician

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## COURSE CONTENT AND SCOPE (CONTINUED)

- 5.2.3. Medical Director
- 5.2.4. Charge nurse
- 5.2.5. Nursing assistant
- 5.2.6. Patient attendance
- 5.2.7. Caregiver
- 6. Understanding Cultural Diversity in Mental Health as a CNA
  - 6.1. Definition
    - 6.1.1. Culture diversity
    - 6.1.2. Acculturation
  - 6.2. Cultural group
  - 6.3. Cultural beliefs
  - 6.4. Cultural sensitivity
  - 6.5. Cultural competence
  - 6.6. Cultural dynamics
  - 6.7. Racial, ethnic and cultural disparities

#### APPROPRIATE READINGS

Reading assignments may include, but are not limited to, articles and books mental health issues.

#### WRITING ASSIGNMENTS

Writing assignments may include, but are not limited to, topic papers related to mental health issues and written examples of documentation in the healthcare setting.

#### **OUTSIDE ASSIGNMENTS**

Outside assignments may include, but are not limited to, researching and writing a report on behavioral and mental health issues.

#### APPROPRIATE ASSIGNMENTS THAT DEMONSTRATE CRITICAL THINKING

Assignment which demonstrates critical thinking may include, but is not limited to, evaluating and reporting on a mental health facility.

#### **EVALUATION**

The student's grade will be based on multiple measures of performance related to the course objectives. The evaluation will assess the development of independent critical thinking skills and may include, but are not limited, to the following:

1. Performance-based assessment of skills taught and safe nursing practices in clinical area or nursing lab.

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## **EVALUATION (CONTINUED)**

- 2. Assessment of student's ability to analyze and implement nursing interventions in patient care scenarios using appropriate equipment and techniques.
- 3. Written quizzes and tests.
- 4. Attendance and classroom participation.

## METHOD OF INSTRUCTION

Instruction will include, but is not limited to, lecture, laboratory, instructor demonstration followed by student demonstration, role-play, audio-visual aids, individualized and guided study, tutorials, group study, and internet research and discussion. Instruction may also include supervised clinical experience, industry speakers, and field trips.

This course or portions of this course may be offered via distance learning.

## **TEXTS AND SUPPLIES**

The Mental Health Worker: Psychiatric Aide, Beverly Marshburn, Cengage Learning, current edition

Child and Adolescent Mental Health (Core handbook series in pediatrics), Daniel L. Kay and Maureen E. Montgomery, Lippincott, Williams, and Wilkins Publishing, current edition

PREPARED BY: <u>Vickie Taylor, LVN, MPH</u>	DATE: September, 2016
REVISED BY: Kathy Campbell, RN, PHN	DATE: <u>February 6, 2019</u>
REVISED BY: <u>Lisa Cork MSN, RN-BC</u>	DATE: <u>December 17, 2019</u>

Instructors must meet all requirements stated in Policy 3100 (Student Rights and Responsibilities and Administrative Due Process), and the Attendance Policy set forth in the Continuing Education Catalog.

## **REFERENCES**:

San Diego Community College District Policy 3100 California Community Colleges, Title 5, Section 55002 Continuing Education Catalog